

(English Version)

Subject : Higher Mathematics 2nd Paper (Creative)

Time : 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Full Marks —50

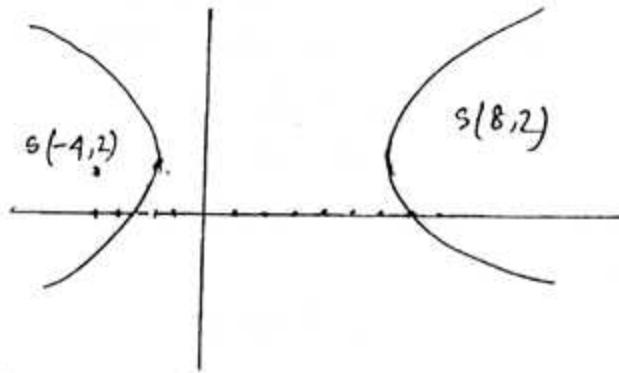
[ Taking at least two questions from each group. Answer five questions of the following.]

**Group-A**

1. i.  $Z_1 = 1 + 3i, Z_2 = 2 - i$  are two complex number. 2  
 ii.  $x + y - 6 \leq 0$  and  $2x - y - 4 \geq 0$  4
  - a. Find the argument of  $\bar{Z}_1$ . 2
  - b. Find the square root of  $Z_1 Z_2$ . 4
  - c. From the stem (ii), Draw the graph of the solution set or feasible region of the pair of inequalities. 4
2.  $f(x) = x^4 - 6x^3 + 10x^2 + 2x - 15$ . 4
  - a. If  $x$  is real, find the maximum value of  $-9x^2 + 6px + q^2$ . 2
  - b. If one root of  $f(x) = 0$  is  $2 + i$ , then find the other roots of  $f(x) = 0$ . 4
  - c. Find the equation whose roots be increased by 1 from each root of  $f(x) = 0$ . 4
3.  $(1+x)^n$  is a binomial expression. 4
  - a. Find the co-efficient of  $x^r$  in the expansion of  $(1-2x + 3x^2 - 4x^3 + \dots)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ . 2
  - b. In the stem if  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and the co-efficients of three consecutive terms in the expansion of given expression be in the ratio 1 : 5 : 15 then find the value of  $n$ . 4
  - c. If  $|x| < 1$  and  $n = \frac{1}{2}$  then the series by expanding of the expression be convergent. 4
4. Stem i :  $3 \tan\theta + 2\sec\theta = 1$  whose two roots  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . 4  
 Stem ii :  $\cot^{-1}x + \cot^{-1}y + \cot^{-1}z = \pi$ 
  - a. Prove that  $\cot \cos^{-1} \sin \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$  2
  - b. From stem ii, Prove that  $-xy + yz + zx = 1$ . 4
  - c. From stem i, Prove that  $\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{3}{4}$ . 4

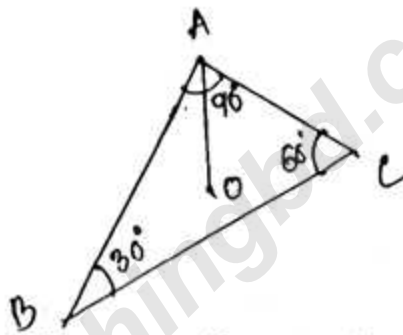
## Group-B

5.



- a. The focal distance of any point on the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  is 6; Find the co-ordinates of the point. 2
- b. Find the equation of the hyperbola whose foci are  $s$  and  $s'$  and eccentricity = 1.5. 4
- c. In the stem, taking the vertices of the hyperbola as vertices of the ellipse whose eccentricity is  $\frac{1}{2}$ , find the length of the Latus rectum of the ellipse. 4

6.

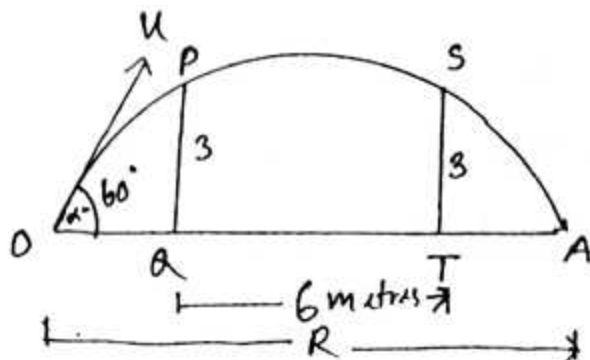


Stem i : Three equal forces of magnitudes 5 unit act at a point parallel to the sides BC, CA and AB of a triangle ABC.

Stem ii : O is the circumcentre of the triangle ABC. A force of 10N acts along AO.

- a. Forces 5N, 7N and 8N acting on a Particle are in equilibrium. Find the angle between the forces 8N and 5N. 2
- b. From stem i, find the magnitude of their resultant of the forces. 4
- c. From the stem (ii), find the parallel components of the force 10N acting at B and C. 4

7.



A body is projected at an angle  $\alpha = 60^\circ$  to the horizon so as just to pass two walls of equal height  $PQ = ST = 3$  metres at a distance of  $QT = 6$  metres.

- a. Show that the resultant of two equal velocities bisects the angle between them. 2
- b. Find the horizontal range  $R$  of the body. 4
- c. Find the velocity of the body at  $P$ . 4

8. (i) The scores of two cricketers in ten innings are following.

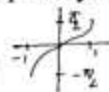

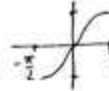

A	111	48	16	2	73	0	110	5	39	11
B	15	24	0	28	10	116	29	20	46	51

(ii) A coin is thrown 7 times.

- a. A dice is thrown two times. Find the probability of same digit appears on the top of both the dice. 2
- b. From stem (ii) find the probability of at least 3 heads. 4
- c. From stem (i) finding coefficient of variation compare the efficiency of two cricketers A and B. 4

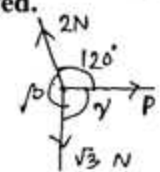
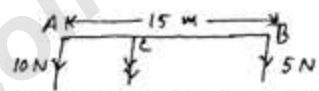


[ Darken the circle (O) with black ball point pen from the alternatives]

1. Zero '0' is a—  
 (a) Positive number (b) Negative number  
 (c) Neutral number (d) Natural number
2. Solution of  $|x| \geq 3$  be—  
 (a)  $(-\infty, -3] \cup [3, \infty)$  (b)  $(-\infty, -3) \cup (3, \infty)$   
 (c)  $(-\infty, -3) \cap [3, \infty)$  (d)  $(-\infty, -3) \cap (3, \infty)$
3.  $1 - \frac{i}{1+i} = ?$   
 (a)  $-i$  (b)  $i$  (c)  $1$  (d)  $-1$
4. Asymptotes of hyperbola  $\frac{y^2}{3} - \frac{x^2}{4} = 1$  be—  
 (a)  $2y = \pm\sqrt{3}x$  (b)  $\sqrt{3}y = \pm 2x$   
 (c)  $3y = \pm 4x$  (d)  $4y = \pm 3x$
5. Graph of  $y = \cos^{-1}x$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$  be—  
 (a)  (b)   
 (c)  (d) 

Answer question 6 and 7 on the basis of following stem:

 $\frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$  is an equation of ellipse.

6. Length of Latus rectum—  
 (a)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$  (b)  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{2}}$  (c)  $\frac{4}{3}$  (d) 3
7. Eccentricity be—  
 (a)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (b)  $\frac{5}{9}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$  (d)  $\frac{2}{3}$
8.  $\operatorname{cosec}^2(\tan^{-1}\frac{1}{2}) = ?$   
 (a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 5 (d) 8
9. Fundamental period of  $\cos\frac{\theta}{2}$  be—  
 (a)  $6\pi$  (b)  $2\pi$  (c)  $\pi$  (d)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
10. Two dice is thrown in at a time. Probability of two six on the both dice be—  
 (a)  $\frac{1}{6}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{36}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{12}$  (d)  $\frac{1}{18}$
11. If  $y = 2x + c$  touches the parabola  $y^2 = -4x$  then value of C be—  
 (a)  $-\frac{1}{2}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (c)  $-2$  (d) 2
- On the basis of the following stem, question no. 12 & 13 can be solved.
- 
12.  $\gamma = ?$   
 (a)  $90^\circ$  (b)  $150^\circ$  (c)  $110^\circ$  (d)  $120^\circ$
13. Value of the force P be?  
 (a)  $7\frac{1}{2}N$  (b)  $7N$  (c)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}N$  (d)  $1N$
14. Value of the middle term in the expansion of  $(x - \frac{1}{x})^8$  be—  
 (a)  ${}^8C_4$  (b)  ${}^8C_3$  (c)  ${}^8C_5$  (d)  ${}^8C_6$
15. A particle be projected with initial velocity 30 m/sec. Whose horizontal range 60 metres then angle of the projection be—  
 (a)  $20.39^\circ$  (b)  $25^\circ$  (c)  $30^\circ$  (d)  $32.35^\circ$
16. i. Two parallel force be like and unlike  
 ii. Magnitude of two like parallel force P and Q ( $P > Q$ ) whose resultant be  $P - Q$   
 iii. Magnitude of the resultant of two unlike parallel force  $\bar{P}$  and  $\bar{P}$  be  $2p$   
 Which is correct of the following?  
 (a) i & ii (b) i & iii (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii
17.   
 If the forces be interchanged the point of action of resultant displaced along AB through a distanced then  $d = ?$   
 (a) 3 metres (b) 5 metres  
 (c) 7 metres (d) 10 metres
18. The equation  $5x^2 + 15x - 10y - 4 = 0$  is—  
 (a) Parabola (b) Ellipse (c) Hyperbola (d) Circle
19. For  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , the minimum value of  $x^2 - 3x + 1$  be—  
 (a)  $\frac{5}{4}$  (b)  $\frac{3}{2}$  (c) 1 (d)  $-\frac{5}{4}$
20. In the conic  $y^2 = -2x$   
 i. co-ordinates of focus  $(-\frac{1}{2}, 0)$   
 ii. Equation of directrix  $2x - 1 = 0$   
 iii. Length of Latus rectum is 4 unit  
 Which is correct of the following?  
 (a) i & ii (b) i & iii (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii
21. CO.M.D of 2, 4 6 be—  
 (a)  $0.33^{\overline{3}}$  (b) 0 (c) 0.67 (d) 33
22.  $5x - x^2 - 6 > 0$  then—  
 (a)  $x < 2$  (b)  $2 > x > 3$   
 (c)  $2 < x < 3$  (d)  $x > 3, x < 2$
23.  $x$  and  $y$  co-prime and  $\frac{x}{y} \in \mathbb{N}$  then value of  $y$  be—  
 (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) 2 (d) 3
24. measurement of population—  
 i. Rational number ii. Natural number  
 iii. Imaginary number  
 Which is the true of the following  
 (a) i & ii (b) i & iii (c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii
25. Domain of  $\sec^{-1}x$  be—  
 (a)  $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \pm\infty)$  (b)  $(-\infty, +\infty)$   
 (c)  $(-1, 1)$  (d)  $[-1, 1]$